§ 75.525

§ 75.525 Conflict of interest: Participation in a project.

- (a) A grantee may not permit a person to participate in an administrative decision regarding a project if:
- (1) The decision is likely to benefit that person or a member of his or her immediate family; and
 - (2) The person:
 - (i) Is a public official; or
- (ii) Has a family or business relationship with the grantee.
- (b) A grantee may not permit any person participating in the project to use his or her position for a purpose that is—or gives the appearance of being—motivated by a desire for a private financial gain for that person or for others.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3 and 3474)

ALLOWABLE COSTS

§ 75.530 General cost principles.

The general principles to be used in determining costs applicable to grants and cost-type contracts under grants are specified at 34 CFR 74.27 (for administration of grants to institutions of higher education, and other non-profit organizations) and 34 CFR 80.22 (for uniform administrative requirements for grants and cooperative agreements to State and local governments).

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3 and 3474)

CROSS REFERENCE: See 34 CFR part 74, Subpart D—After-the-Award Requirements and 34 CFR part 80, Subpart C—Post-Award Requirements.

[64 FR 50391, Sept. 16, 1999]

§ 75.531 Limit on total cost of a project.

A grantee shall insure that the total cost to the Federal Government is not more than the amount stated in the notification of grant award.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3 and 3474)

§ 75.532 Use of funds for religion prohibited.

- (a) No grantee may use its grant to pay for any of the following:
- (1) Religious worship, instruction, or proselytization.
- (2) Equipment or supplies to be used for any of those activities.

- (3) Construction, remodeling, repair, operation, or maintenance of any facility or part of a facility to be used for any of those activities.
- (4) An activity of a school or department of divinity.
- (b) As used in this section, *school or department of divinity* means an institution or a component of an institution whose program is specifically for the education of students to:
- (1) Prepare them to enter into a religious vocation; or
- (2) Prepare them to teach theological subjects.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3 and 3474)

§ 75.533 Acquisition of real property; construction.

No grantee may use its grant for acquisition of real property or for construction unless specifically permitted by the authorizing statute or implementing regulations for the program.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3 and 3474)

§ 75.534 Training grants—automatic increases for additional dependents.

The Secretary may increase a grant to cover the cost of additional dependents not specified in the notice of award under §75.235 if—

- (a) Allowances for dependents are authorized by the program statute and are allowable under the grant; and
- (b) Appropriations are available to cover the cost.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3 and 3474)

[45 FR 22497, Apr. 3, 1980. Redesignated at 45 FR 77368, Nov. 21, 1980, as amended at 57 FR 30339, July 8, 1992]

INDIRECT COST RATES

§ 75.560 General indirect cost rates; exceptions.

- (a) The differences between direct and indirect costs and the principles for determining the general indirect cost rate that a grantee may use for grants under most programs are specified in the cost principles for—
- (1) Institutions of higher education, at 34 CFR 74.27;
 - (2) Hospitals, at 34 CFR 74.27;
- (3) Other nonprofit organizations, at 34 CFR 74.27;